









What Are We Afraid Of?

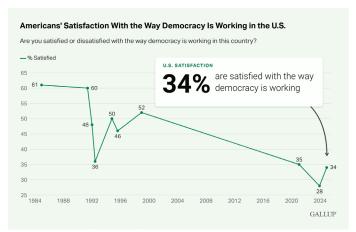






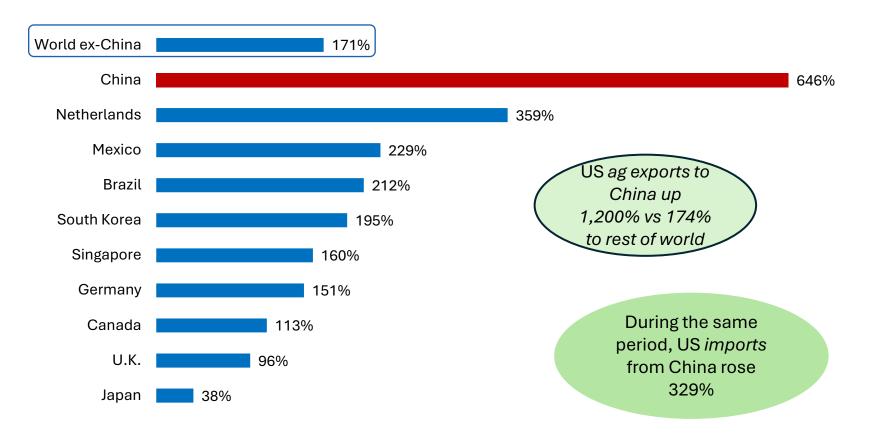


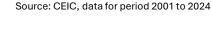




Engagement Works: China's WTO Membership Has Supported American Exports And Jobs

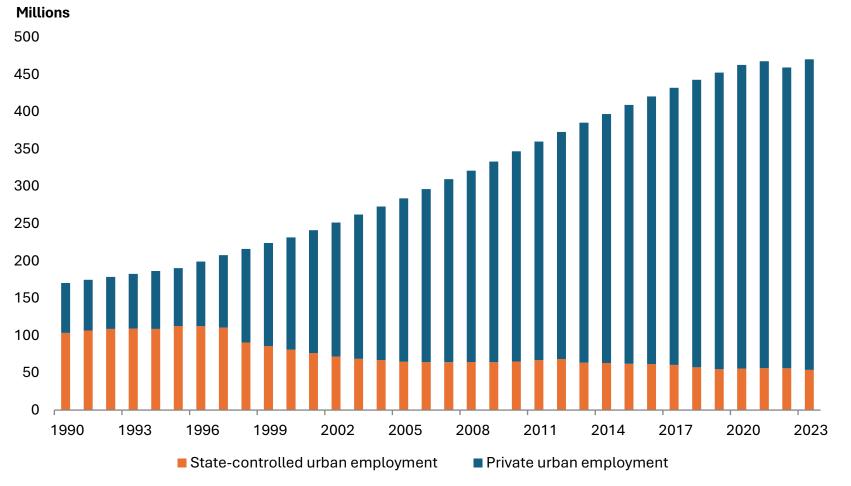
Growth rate of US goods exports to its 10 biggest markets, since China joined the WTO in 2001





Private Firms Create China's Jobs, Innovation And Wealth

89% of urban employment now in small, privately-owned, entrepreneurial companies





Xi Will Be Pragmatic About Taiwan (If Washington Is As Well)

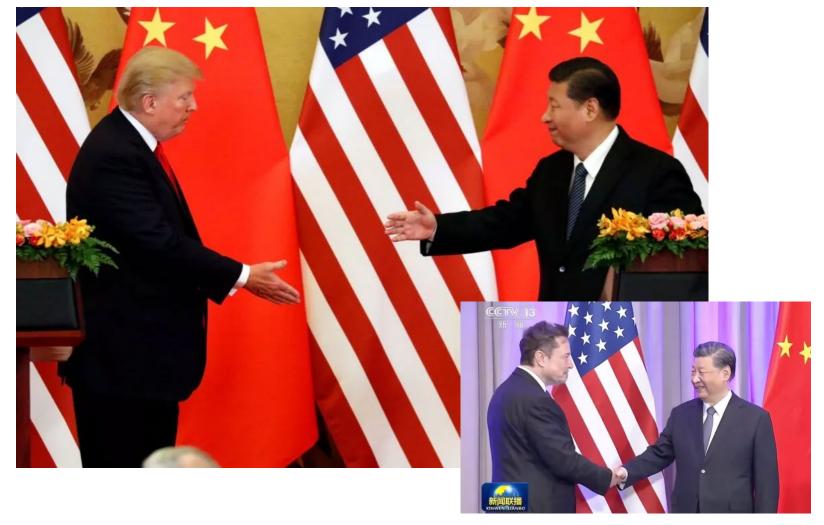
- DOMESTIC POLITICS—No pressure on Xi to use force
- MILITARY—Use of force would be very risky for Beijing from a military perspective
- ECONOMIC—An invasion would trigger an economic disaster. For example, China is dependent on imported semiconductors, and Taiwan accounts for more than one-third of chip imports



Source: US Library of Congress



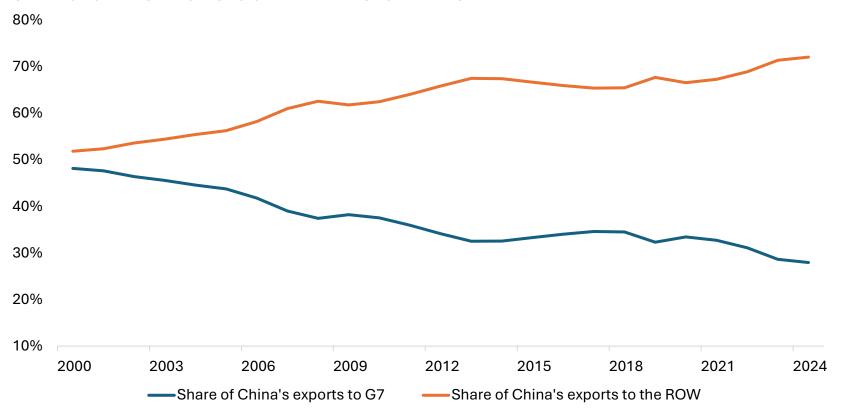
What Do Trump & Xi Really Want?



US Tariffs Will Hurt The US More Than China

- G7 accounted for 28% of China's exports last year, down from 48% in 2000
- * TECH RESTRICTIONS NY Fed: "China has boosted domestic innovation and self-reliance"

SHARE OF CHINA'S EXPORTS TO G7 AND THE REST OF THE WORLD





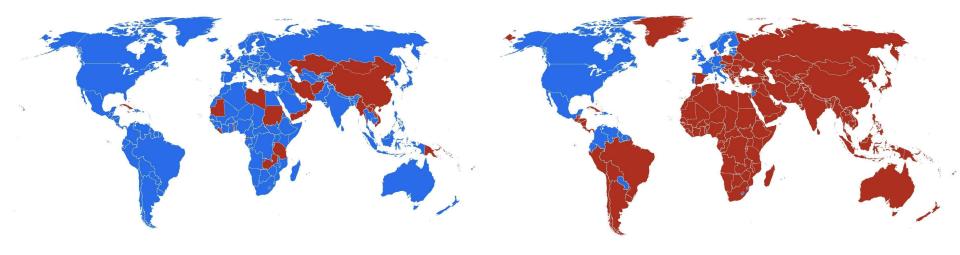
Trade Power

A growing number of countries have more trade with China than the US

US as the larger trading partner

China as the larger trading partner

2000 2024

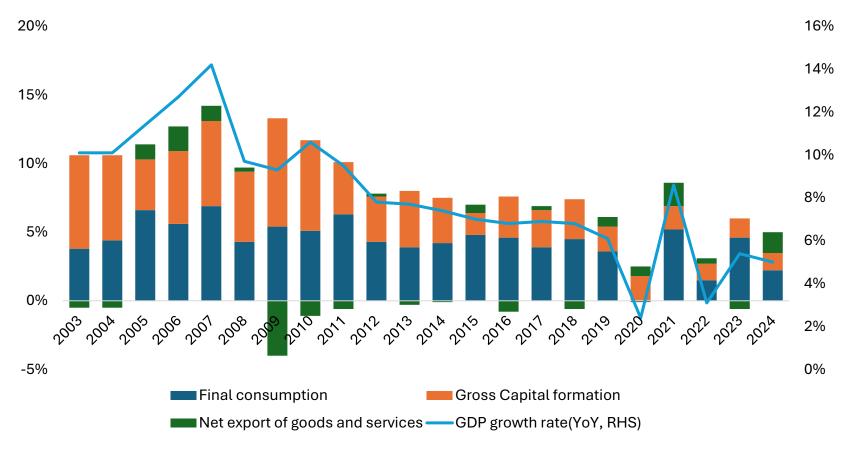




Not Export-Led: Small Share Of GDP Growth

Net Exports Contributed 1.1% of GDP Growth On Average Between 2015-2019; 30% in 2024

CONTRIBUTION TO REAL GDP GROWTH

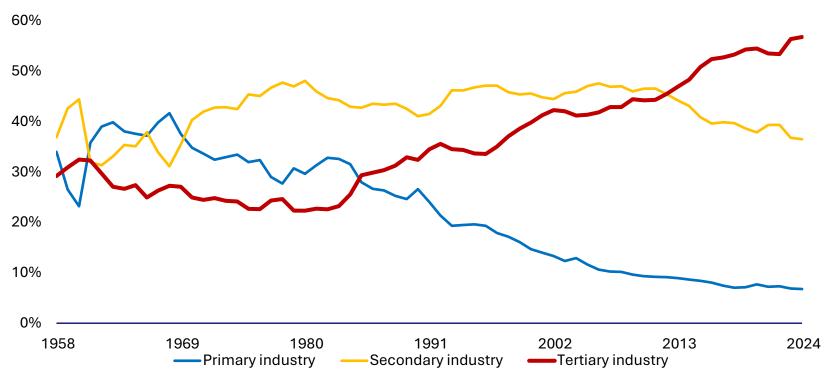


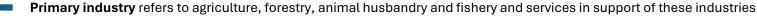


Rebalancing Of The Chinese Economy Well Underway

Services and consumption bigger than manufacturing and construction for thirteen years

SHARE OF GDP BY PRODUCTION APPROACH





Secondary industry refers to mining and quarrying, manufacturing, production and supply of electricity, water and gas, and construction

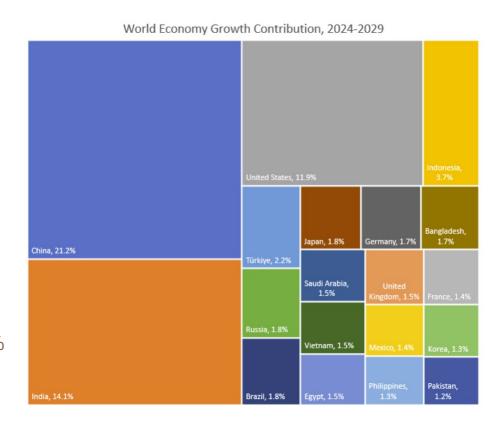
Tertiary industry refers to all other economic activities not included in the primary or secondary industries, including real estate, finance, wholesale and retail, transportation and other service industries

Source: CEIC



Chinese Economy In Decent Shape, But . . .

- 2024 real per-capita household income up 5.1% YoY
- 2024 nominal retail sales up 3.5% YoY
- 2024 electricity consumption up 6.8%
 YoY (and 35% higher than 2019)
- IMF forecasts 2025 GDP growth of 4.6%
 in China, second only to India (6.5%)

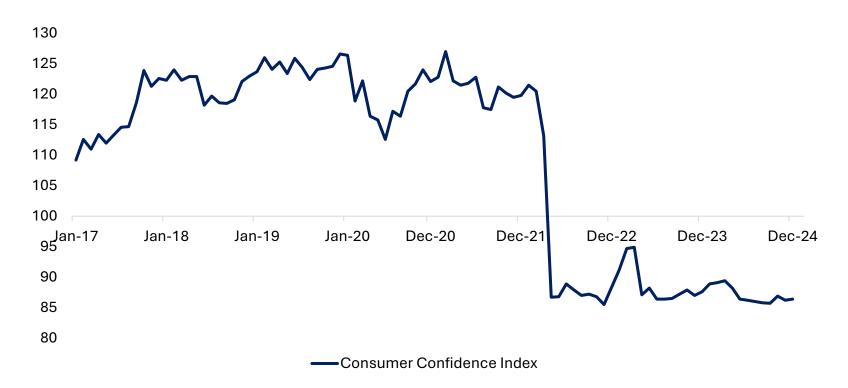




... Consumer & Entrepreneur Confidence Is Terrible

- **Causes**: Private sector worries; chaotic regulatory environment; property; U.S.-China tensions
- **Cures:** Xi is likely to course correct back to pragmatism, but timing unclear

CONSUMER CONFIDENCE INDEX

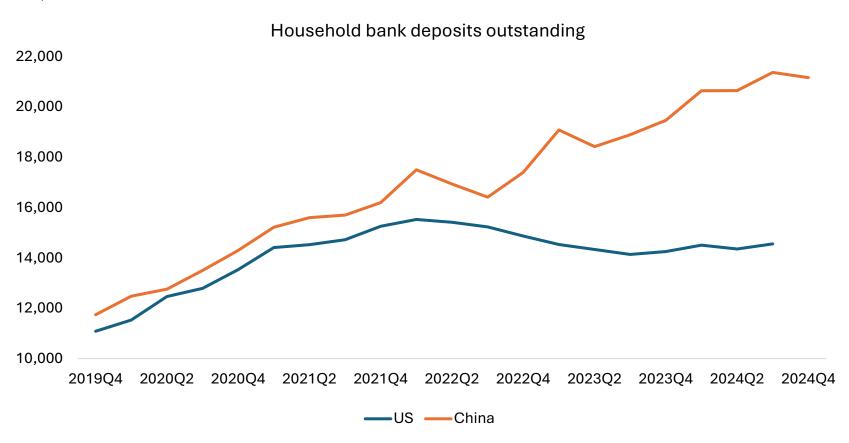


Source: CEIC



No Confidence To Spend Or Invest, Because Of ...

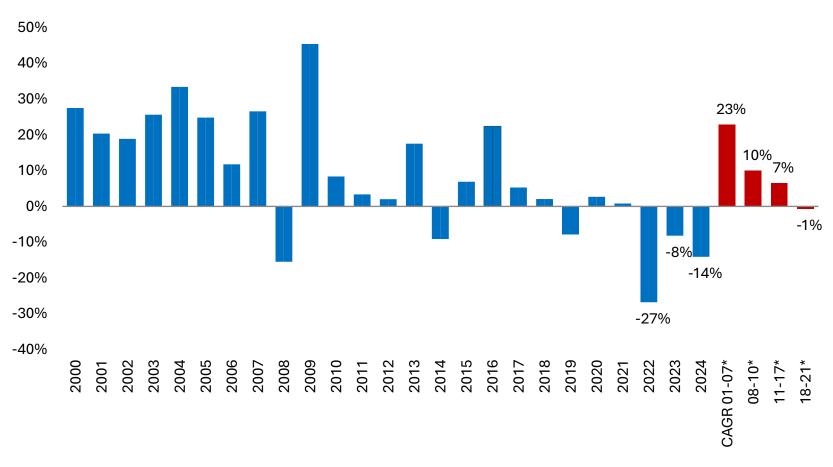
US\$ BILLION





... A Volatile And Chaotic Regulatory Environment

RESIDENTIAL FLOOR SPACE SOLD BY SQM, YOY





Xi Needs To Restore Confidence



COMRADE DENG XIAO-PING IN HIS SOUTH INVESTIGATION TOUR TO SHENZHEN

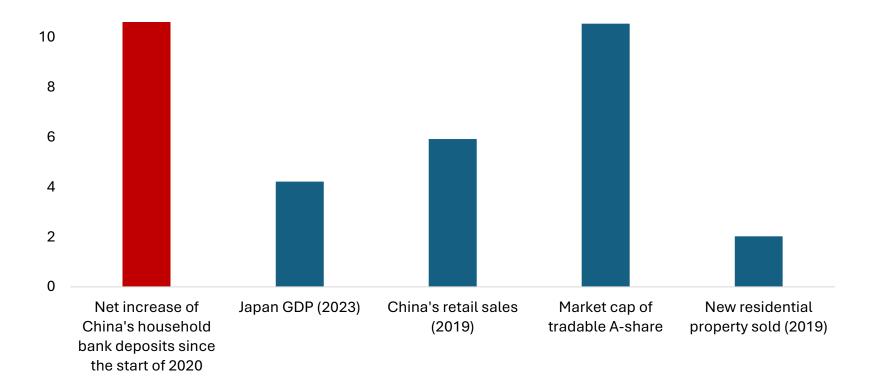




When Confidence Returns, Household Savings Can Fuel A Recovery

Since start of pandemic, household bank deposits up 93%; net increase equal to \$10.6 trillion

US\$ Trillion

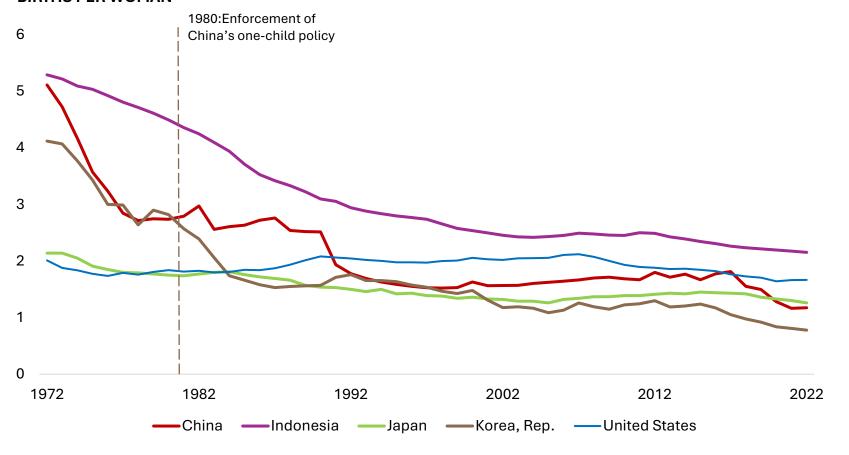




Demographics

End of One-Child policy was politically important, but wasn't the key driver of declining fertility rate

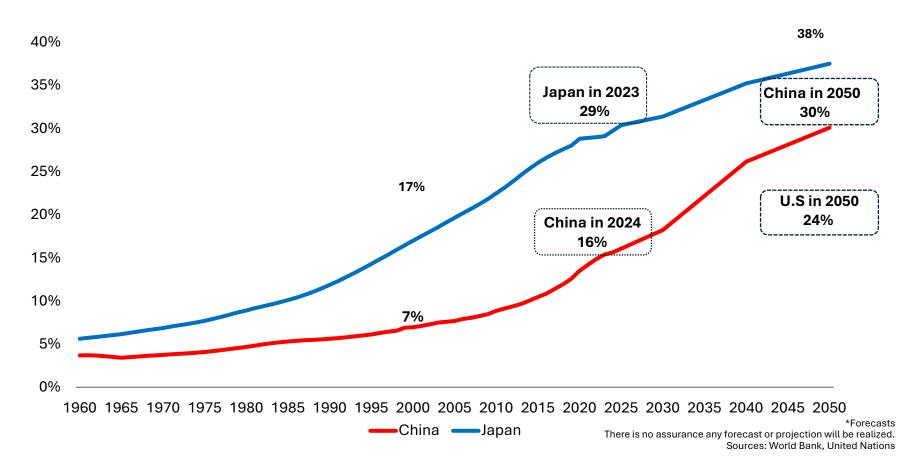
BIRTHS PER WOMAN





China Is Aging, But Won't Be As Old As Japan Is Today Until 2050

% OF POPULATION AGE 65 AND ABOVE





With 40 years of experience, Andy Rothman, founder of Sinology LLC, has a unique perspective on China. Andy Rothman provides advice to institutional investors and corporate directors on the opportunities and risks presented by China. He collaborates with Julia Zhu, his China-based research associate for more than 20 years.

Andy is also Senior China Fellow at the Asia Society of Northern California, and is a member of the board of directors of the Coral Tree Education Foundation.

Andy has provided advice to investors and directors, and spoken at board meetings and conferences on topics such as prospects for the Chinese economy and its private sector companies; navigating rising political tensions between Washington and Beijing; assessing risks of conflict across the Taiwan Strait; and China's impact on global supply chains and competition.

Andy began his private sector career in 2000, as the Shanghai-based China macro strategist for CLSA, an institutional brokerage and investment group. After living and working in China for more than 20 years, in 2014 Andy moved to California to become the China strategist for Matthews Asia, one of the largest, active, US-based investors in China's public equity markets. His clients included global wealth managers, pension funds, endowments, family offices, private banks, hedge funds and sovereign wealth funds. He established Sinology LLC at the start of 2025.

Previously, Andy had a 17-year, China-focused career as a US Foreign Service Officer, including serving as the Taiwan desk officer at the State Department in the mid-90s, when China fired missiles near Taiwan. His final diplomatic role was head of the macroeconomics and domestic policy office at the American embassy in Beijing.

Andy first went to China as a student in 1980, just a few years after Mao's death and the end of the Cultural Revolution. In 1984 he began his diplomatic career in Guangzhou, as Deng Xiaoping launched his economic and social reforms. He also attended China's first rock concert, by Wham!

